

Mr. Northcutt's Math Classes Class Presentation

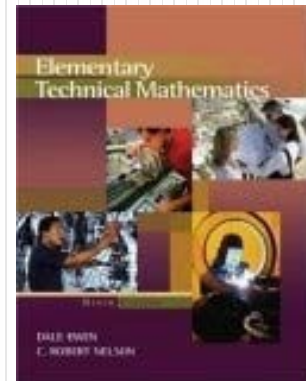
February 25, 2009 (108)



Math 1



Math 2



Applied Math



Math 1 – Daily Summary

- **Announcements**

- **QUIZ:** Sections 6.1 thru 6.3 on Friday

- **Class Objectives – *What you should learn today!***

- Graph \rightarrow Slope-Intercept Form of Equation
- Slope-Intercept Form of Equation \rightarrow Graph

- **Assignment**

- **Online:** Slope-Intercept Game (Bugs) - In Class!
- **Worksheet:** Slope-Intercept Graphing



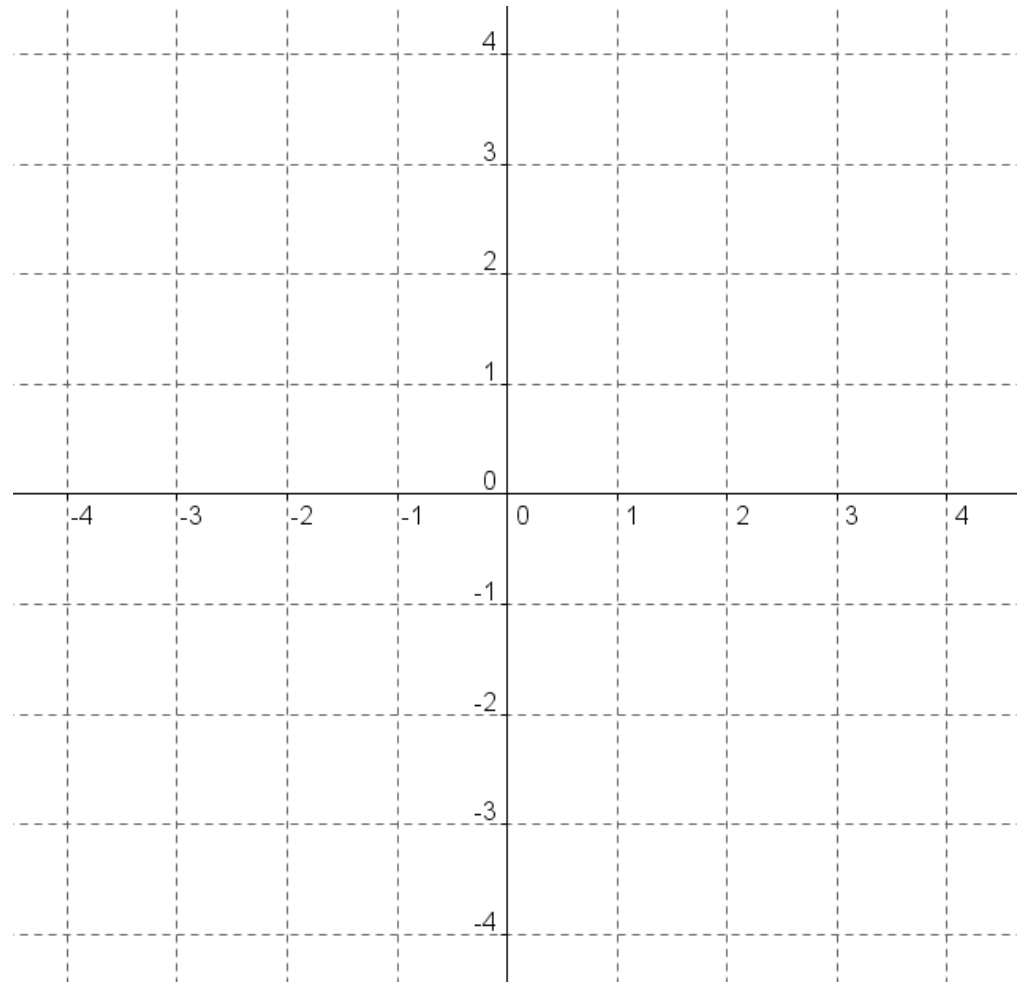
Slope-Intercept Form $y = mx + b$



- Identify **Slope (m)** and **y-intercept (b)**, then graph.

$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x - 1$$

$$2x + 3y = 6$$





Standard Form

- The **Standard Form** of a Linear Equation is:

$$Ax + By = C$$

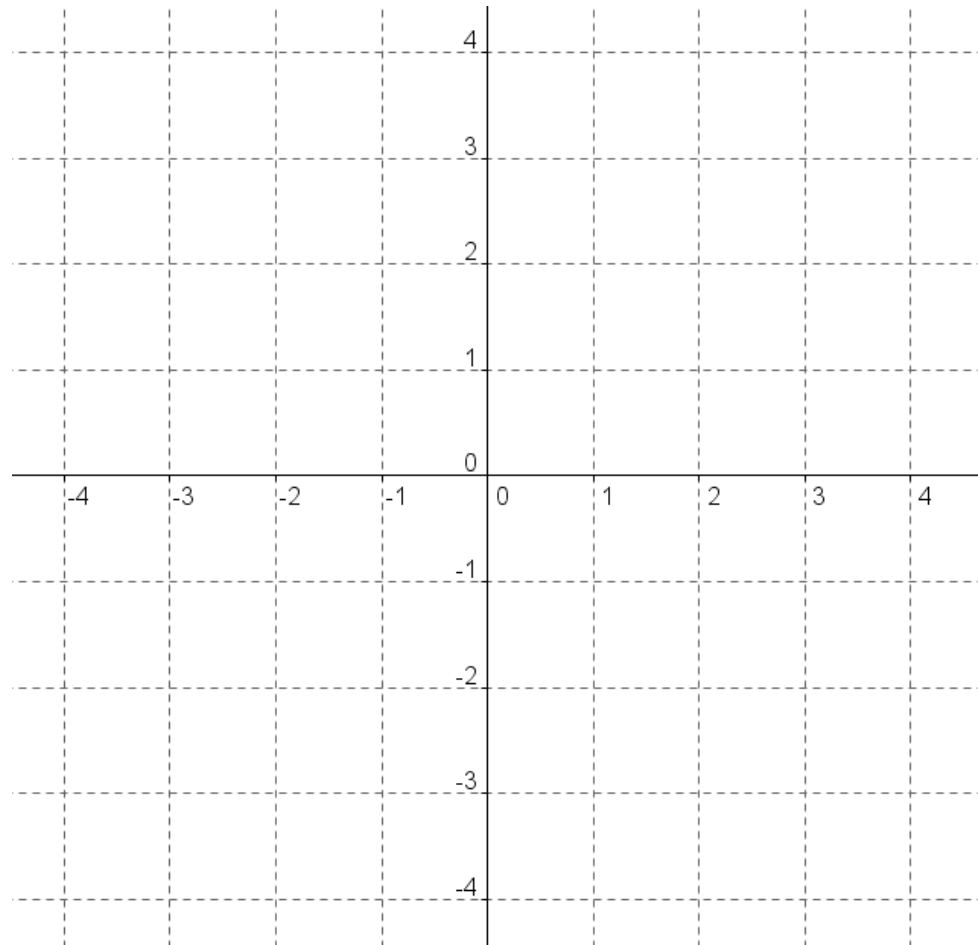
- **Examples:**

$$3x + 4y = 8$$

$$2x - 3y = 12$$

GRAPH USING:

1. Slope-Intercept Form
2. x- & y-intercepts





Math 2 – Daily Summary

- **Announcements**
 - **QUIZ:** Lessons 10.1 thru 10.7 on Friday
- **Class Objectives – *What you should learn today!***
 - Ability to use the **Pythagorean Theorem** and **Special Right Triangles** (45° - 45° and 30° - 60°) to solve applied problems.
- **Assignment**
 - **Lesson 10.6:** 1-8, 16, 17

Applied Math – Daily Summary



- **Announcements**

- **QUIZ: Sections 13.1 thru 13.3 on Friday**

- **Class Objectives – *What you should learn today!***

- Use Trigonometric Ratios to find the interior angles of a Triangle given its side measurements.

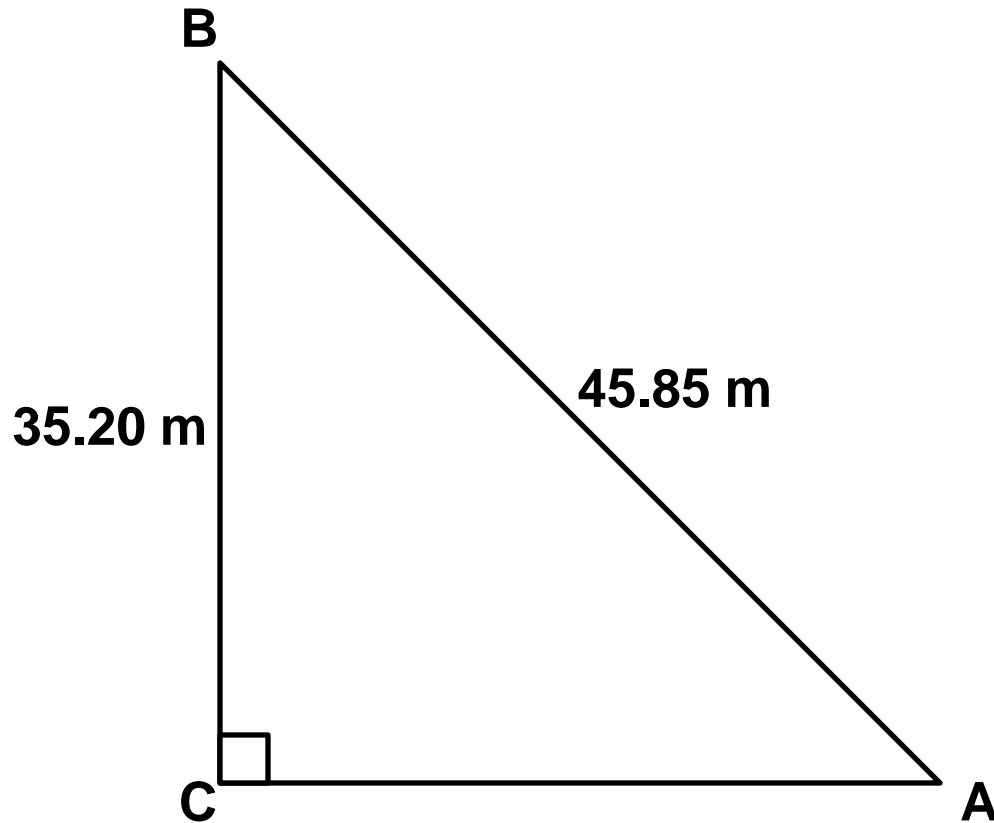
- **Assignment**

- **Exercises 13.2: 2-24 EVEN (all answers to 3 significant digits)**



Example

- Find acute angles A and B.



Trigonometric Ratios (Right Triangles)



- Sine, Cosine & Tangent of an angle.

$$\sin \angle x = \frac{\textit{Opposite}}{\textit{Hypotenuse}}$$

$$\cos \angle x = \frac{\textit{Adjacent}}{\textit{Hypotenuse}}$$

$$\tan \angle x = \frac{\textit{Opposite}}{\textit{Adjacent}}$$

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